

KENTUCKY IRISH AMERICAN.

Devoted to the Moral and Social Advancement of all Irish Americans.

WILLIAM M. HIGGINS, Publisher.

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LOUISVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, JAN. 21, 1899.

MISREPRESENTATION.

The reflections of the daily press on the meeting of the Irish-American Society Thursday night show to what depths some will stoop to accomplish political ends. The Irish-American Society has not been, is not now, and will not be a political organization. It is composed of men of all parties and creeds, and numbers among its members friends of all papers published in this city, as well as the city administration and its opponents, if it has any.

Nothing has transpired that justifies the papers referred to in their misrepresentations. Their reports make more apparent the necessity for such an organization in our midst, and their efforts to create dissension will undoubtedly have the opposite effect. They are the ones who are trying to inject politics into its ranks.

The local articles contained in both the Courier-Journal and Dispatch contradict themselves, and are ridiculous in the extreme. The members of the Irish-American Society will pass them by as unworthy of further notice, and we hope the bitter newspaper fight now going on will be kept out of all our societies.

THE ANGLO-SAXON AND THE SCOTCH-IRISH.

At the annual meeting of the American Irish Historical Society, held in New York City on Thursday evening, an address was read from the President, Gen. Edward A. Moseley, of Washington City, which is full of points of interest to Irish-Americans. Among other things, Mr. Moseley said:

"Whenever an Irishman attains to fame or distinction in war, literature, art, law or statesmanship in the British Empire, he is immediately claimed to be an Englishman, and consequently as displaying 'Anglo-Saxon' pluck and 'Anglo-Saxon' intellect. The truth is, that among all those who have achieved great prominence in the English-speaking world, the Anglo-Saxon type is conspicuous by its absence. Nine times in ten when a man boasts of 'Anglo-Saxon' pluck, enterprise, ability and progress he himself is not of that type of man, and nine-tenths of the incidents he cites were brought about through the pluck, enterprise, ability and progress which came from mixed blood. I can only liken this misrepresentation of the truth of history to the rattling of peas in a bladder, shaken by one of Shakespeare's clowns. Puncture the bladder, my friends, whenever and wherever it is shaken. Tell the clown who calls himself an 'Anglo-Saxon' that he is an ass! and prove to him by the color of his hair, the color of his eyes and the shape of his skull that he is a Celt, a Milesian or a Latin, or anything but an 'Anglo-Saxon,' and that if it was ever true that the English people were Anglo-Saxon, and that the Anglo-Saxon were ever, in any time, the greatest people on earth—superior to all other races—that time has so long since passed away that no one now remembers it and no true history chronicles when and where they flourished. Their traits, whatever they are, were blended with those of another race, and whether those traits were good or bad, we have all an equal right to say that we have inherited them. Especially is this true of those having Irish ancestry, for in no part of the earth has there been such a thorough blending of 'Celt and Saxon' as in Ireland—so great

indeed has been the blending that it has become typical to say 'a red-headed Irishman.' That appellation is, however, more appropriate to the so-called 'Scotch-Irish,' who would have us believe that his ancestors were Anglo-Saxons. The Irishman, Englishman, Scotchman and Welshman are all so intimately connected in that blending of races that it is folly to attempt to draw a race distinction between them."

Col. John Whallen was honored by the Irish-American Society when he was elected its first Treasurer, and the act was commended by the Courier-Journal and Times. He has proven an efficient and capable officer, and the members have deemed it wise to continue him in office. At the time the Colonel and the Courier-Journal management were very friendly, but lately they have not been "so warm." Will the Courier-Journal explain what bearing this change in its relations has to do with the Irish-American Society?

The surprise of the week in political circles was the letter of Hon. John Young Brown to the Democrats in the State of Kentucky declining to become a candidate for the nomination for Governor. Thus the race has been narrowed down to three, the friends of Hardin and Goebel each claiming that their candidate will be benefited by the action of the ex-Governor. However, there may be more entries, as the date of the convention is still far off.

If you find your society is not mentioned in our paper, just see to it that your Secretary or your appointed correspondent is notified of the neglect. Send the doings of your order to us; we are only too willing to publish them.

The publication of the proceedings should be taken away from the daily papers. That would eliminate a great deal of bad blood that has been engendered.

If you want the news as it is you should read this paper. It favors none and treats all alike, printing only facts.

President Keenan must have smiled when he read the comments on his action Thursday night.

TURNED HIS HONOR'S WRATH.

A poet named T. O. D. O'Connor was before Magistrate Pool, of New York City, charged with intoxication.

"I beg your clemency, sir," said O'Connor. "I write poetry, but I do not depend upon that profession for a living."

"A poet," repeated Magistrate Pool. "You are certainly in most unpoetic surroundings, sir."

"Indeed I am, my kind dear sir, upon my name I want no slur; Back to my house I want to go, For where I am my friends don't know," said O'Connor.

"Well, well," said the court, "I am surprised at a man of your intelligence being found in such a position."

"I looked upon the wine when it was red, Not wisely, but too well. Oh! my head, To err is human, to forgive is divine; I'll drink no more, repentance is mine."

"You need a bracer, O'Connor," said the Magistrate.

"You brace me up, your Honor," said O'Connor.

"It I let you go, will you promise to go to the nearest church and take the pledge?" asked the court.

"I will," he replied.

"You are discharged on that condition," said Magistrate Pool. O'Connor bowed and said: "Thank you, kind judge, for your great favor; In my good intentions I will never waver. I will now say good-by to your Honor; I will never again disgrace T. O. D. O'Connor."

On leaving the court room O'Connor went to a saloon and got a drink. After that he said he would go to St. Mary's church and swear off for a year.

The Kentucky Irish American is all right, but she wants more co-operation.



Mr. Ed B. Conway has been spending the past few days in New York City on a business trip.

Misses Ethel and Blanche Dorland are home after a pleasant visit with friends at Columbus, O.

Ex-District Attorney Frank B. Burke, of Indianapolis, was a visitor in Jeffersonville the past week.

J. W. Dougherty, one of the best known men in Bardonia, was in the city during the early part of the week.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians are preparing to give another of their pleasant receptions.

Mr. Carl Peter, of Omaha, has been the guest of his brother-in-law, Peter J. Madden, in Jeffersonville, during the past week.

Misses Carrie and Edith Fitzgerald have had as their guest Miss Annie Henry, a most winsome young lady of Cincinnati.

Mrs. Daniel Sullivan, is seriously ill of the grip at her home on West Walnut street. Her many friends are hoping for her recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wathen and family have moved in from their country home and taken a house on Sixth street, near St. Catherine.

Mr. Michael Flahive, of Oldham street, has just left the city for a trip for his health. His absence will be regretted by his many friends.

Mr. Alex. Walker, who has been suffering from a severe attack of grip, has so far recovered as to be able to be out among his friends.

Miss Rosie Higgins, one of Lexington's fairest daughters, is in the city, visiting her aunts, Mrs. John E. Roche and Mrs. James Todd.

Mrs. Lockett, of Knoxville, who was formerly Miss Blanche Kelly, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Kelly, at her home on Fourth avenue.

Mr. "Jack" McRues, of Portland, was out in Limerick last Sunday visiting his numerous friends. Some say that is a "clinch" that he will come oftener now.

Thomas McCann, of Nineteenth and High streets, who has been confined to his home for the past two weeks by sickness, is now able to return to his duties.

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Mrs. Dennis Shanahan, who has been spending the past three weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McDonald, of Chicago, returned to the city Thursday.

The many friends of Miss Etta Martine, of Oldham street, will be pleased to learn that she is able to be out again after an illness of several weeks with typhoid fever.

Mr. Harry Kirchdorfer, well known in East End social circles, who has been very sick, has so far recovered as to be able to be about the house and will soon be out again.

Mr. John L. Winn, residing at Thirty-sixth and Kentucky streets, is recovering from an attack of the grip. Mr. Winn is an old-time educator and well known all over the State.

William Kelly, the motorman who was recently overcome while operating a street car, is rapidly recovering, and it is expected he will be able to return to work next week.

Officer James Welch, one of the most popular men in the police department, is recovering from a rather serious attack of grip. His friends hope to soon see him able to resume his beat.

Mr. Edward P. Holley left Wednesday for Leavenworth, Ind., on a business and pleasure trip. He will be gone for ten days or more, and will visit several other Indiana towns before his return.

Miss Lizzie O'Brien, of Indiana avenue, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia for some time past, has almost entirely recovered, and her friends are anxious to again see her in their midst.

Why that happy and far-away look on the usually smiling face of Mike Cavanaugh? The boys say that he is not thinking of a "castle in the air," but a "cottage on the ground built for two."

Miss Nannie R. Parham has just returned from Krauth's Station, where she has been since before the holidays. She claims that her gain in weight is due to the bracing country air of that neighborhood.

Mr. John Borschneck and wife have returned to the city from Bethlehem, Ind., where they were called by the illness of Mr. Borschneck's mother. Her condition is very much improved and her speedy recovery hoped for.

Mr. Charles P. Dehler, of the Frank Fehr Brewing Company, who has been confined to his home for several days with the grip, is considerably improved, and his host of friends hope to see him fully recovered within a few days.

Mrs. P. J. Breen will leave Monday for Floyd Knobs, Ind., where she will spend a week with her mother, Mrs. Schoepflin, who has been very ill. She will also visit the family of Mr. John Breen at Mooresville before returning.

Mike Hartnett of Hibernian Division No. 1, seems to be making a winning race for the Kentucky Irish American prize for the most popular member. Ed. Toomey, one of his able lieutenants, can be depended on to tell why Mike should get the prize.

Tim J. Sullivan and Michael Collins paid a flying visit to the Jeffersonville division Thursday night for the purpose of extending and invitation for the stag to be given by Division 1 next Tuesday night. They were treated with genuine Irish hospitality.

The Young Ladies' Auxiliary of Mackin Council has issued invitations to a dance to be given at Liederkranz Hall on Wednesday evening, February 1. Everything indicates that it will be one of the most pleasing dances ever given by this popular society.

Miss Agnes Nilmeiger and Mr. James L. McGee were married Wednesday morning at St. Boniface church, before a large gathering of friends and relatives. After the ceremony the company went to the home of Mr. John F. Seebold, where a reception was held.

The funeral of Mrs. Johannal Dalton occurred Tuesday morning from St. John's church. A large number of friends of the deceased lady attended the burial. Mrs. Dalton was the mother of Officer E. J. Dalton, and was held in high esteem by a wide circle of acquaintances.

Dave Burke is now able to be out again after a two-weeks' stay in Sts. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital, where he had gone to undergo a surgical operation. The operation proved a success, greatly to the joy of his friends, and Dave will soon be able to be his old-time self once more.

Miss Minnie Timmons pleasantly entertained a few of her friends Friday evening in honor of Miss Blanche Bricken, of Lebanon, Ky. Among those present were Misses Blanche Bricken, Mary Rose O'Brien, Maggie O'Brien, Ida Kaugable, Clara Paxton and Messrs. Fred. Brachey, Ernest Morton, Tom Paxton, Robert McCullum. Dancing and singing were the features of the evening.

The announcement of the approaching marriage of Miss Laura Shelton and Mr. John P. Thoms, will be a pleasant reminder to many of our friends. Miss Shelton, of 105 West Chestnut street, and a niece of Mr. Edward J. McDermott. She is a handsome young woman and has a charming personality. Mr. Thoms is a member of the firm of Bohne & Thomas, architects. The wedding will take place Thursday, February 9.

Mr. Lawrence J. Mackey was the recipient of warm congratulations from his fellow-members of the Young Men's Division, A. O. H., at their meeting Tuesday evening, on his recent marriage to Miss Theresa Isert, a most accomplished and charming young lady. Mr. Mackey is one of the most popular and highly respected young men in Irish-American society circles, and the newly wedded couple have the best wishes of a host of friends for their future happiness.

Mr. Jesse H. Kelly and Miss Dencie C. Herms will be married on the evening of February 1 at the home of the bride in this city. Mr. Kelly has for the past four months been employed by Gardner & Bros., furniture dealers, of Paducah. He formerly lived, in Louisville, and while in Paducah made many warm friends. Miss Herms is a daughter of Fred Herms, who is well known in railroad circles, having been employed by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company for many years. After the ceremony the young people will leave for Paducah, where they will be permanent home. They have the best wishes of a large number of friends.

Mr. Frank Eckert was married Monday night by the Rev. Father Raffo, of St. Charles Borromeo church, corner of Twenty-seventh and Chestnut streets, to Mrs. Henry Eckert, his brother's widow. When Henry Eckert died, a little over two years ago, he left his business to be conducted in the interest of his widow by his brother Frank. Not even the nearest friends of the couple knew of their intentions until after the knot was tied. After the wedding they returned to Eckert's Hotel. Mrs. Eckert's maiden name was Miss Mary B. Bosler. She is a sister of Mr. William Bosler, Bailiff of the City Court and President of the Stein Brewing Company.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen were handsomely entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Martin Burke, 718 Hill street, in honor of the christening of their little daughter, Margaret. The sponsors for the little lady were Miss Julia Quirk and Richard Quinn. After the ceremony the guests were seated to a bounteous dinner, after which Miss Delia Carroll rendered several pleasing solos. Among the guests were Misses Julia Quirk, Nellie and Nora Kennedy, Katie Burke, Mary Devenney, Maggie Casey, Della Carroll, Mary Burke, Mamie Grassmick, Messrs. Martin Quirk, Thomas Scanlon, Richard Quinn, Martin Leahy, John Naughton, John O'Donnell, Edward Blanche, Tom Burke, George Vossick, John Connaughton, Mike Hermy, Mrs. Kate Grassmick, Mr. and Mrs. John Baldwin and son Hubert, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brady, Messrs. Willie and Harry Brady and John Burke. The parents

were the recipients of congratulations from many friends residing at a distance. The little girl received many golden presents, that from Godfather Quinn being an exceedingly handsome one.

THEATRICALS.

Col. Meffert and the Temple Stock Company will for the coming week present an entirely new production, a new romantic comedy drama, entitled "Winchester." This play has been placed in the hands of Mr. Oscar Eagle, and its first presentation on any stage will be made to the patrons of the Temple Theater. Two weeks later it will be put on the stage in New York City. The enterprise of Col. Meffert should be appreciated by the theater-goers of this city, who will this week have the opportunity of witnessing the work of the new members of the Temple Company. The title suggests the location, Winchester, Virginia. The date of action is 1863. The war element is there without the carnage of battle or the spilling of blood. It is not a fight between the North and South, but between good and bad officers of the Northern army, with justice triumphant at the hands of a daughter of the Confederacy. A fine production is promised of what is predicted to be a very fine play with some features out of the ordinary.

There are few organizations in the vaudeville world that can favorably compare with Irwin Brothers Burlesquers and big specialty company which will be the attraction at the Buckingham next week. Manager Fred Irwin has won the distinction of always giving the public the very best to be obtained and his reputation is fully sustained this season in his present organization. In the make-up of his company every branch of vaudeville is represented. There are no conflicting parts and each act in itself is a decided novelty. The entertainment begins with an olio which is exceptionally strong, the concluding number on the programme being an operatic burlesque under the title of "A Night at the Armory." It is appropriately staged with magnificent scenery and costly costumes. Among the features introduced here are the Five Barrison Sisters, the Jew regiment, the Parisian models and Isaac's Burlesquers.

The Louisville Pauline Dramatic Club, which is composed of the best amateur talent in the city, will present the beautiful tragedy "Cartouche, the French Robber," on the evening of Washington's birthday, for the benefit of St. Augustine's colored church, Fourteenth and Broadway.

The scene is laid in France, and all who have read the book of "Cartouche" will know what a fine piece it is. There is hardly another play written that is as exciting. There is not a slow part in it, and when in the hands of the Pauline Dramatic Club the Louisville public will be given a good chance to see some clever work in the way of play acting. The costumes will be of the most elaborate, and the order of the scenes in "Cyran de Bergerac." Special scenery has been painted for the occasion, and neither pains nor money will be spared to make it a success. The people of Louisville should show their charity and attend the performance, because by doing so they will greatly help the poor colored people.

SPORTY ITEMS.

Frank Erne, the Buffalo light-weight, is in San Francisco, where he is matched to meet Dal Hawkins on March 1.

Dummy Hoy has signed with the local club for the year, and informs Treasurer Dreyfuss that he is anxious for the season to open.

There is now no doubt that T. J. Keenan, of Pennsylvania, will be elected to the Presidency of the League of American Wheelmen.

Kid McCoy expects to recuperate at West Baden Springs. After getting in condition he will endeavor to get on a match with Sharkey or Fitzsimmons. He has backing to the amount of \$10,000 for a contest with either of them.

Tom O'Rourke, who is now in charge of Sharkey's interests, and at the same time managing the Lenox Club, will at once make a match between Sharkey and Fitzsimmons if the latter will consent to have it pulled off in New York City.

Subscriptions for stock in the Louisville Ball Club aggregating between \$3,000 and \$4,000 were received this week. Support the management and this city will have a first-class team in the field—one that will hold its own in the first division.

Mike Powers, who is studying at Notre Dame University, has signed a contract with the Louisville Club for the coming season. He is naturally one of the best catchers in the League, both in fielding and batting, and the club is fortunate in securing his services.

George Dixon, the colored feather-weight champion, had no trouble in disposing of "Young Pluto," the Australian. The contest was pulled off in New York Tuesday evening. Dixon put his man to sleep in the tenth round, and many of those present declared Dixon to be as strong and in as good condition as in his most palmy days.

Jim Watts, Louisville's colored pug, lost his battle Tuesday night to Charlie Goff, of New York. They fought in Sandusky, O., and the fight was a warm one. Up to the tenth round Watts appeared to have the best of it, but during the eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth Goff went at the Louisville man like a tiger. In the fourteenth round the police interfered and stopped the fight while Watts was slowly choking his opponent. The referee awarded the decision to Goff on points. This ought to dispose of Watts, who will not fight fairly.

Tom Lansing, the pugilist, is dying at the Sts. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital. Death is counting him out and the finish can not be far off. Since Thursday he has been unconscious.

EMBLEM CONTEST!

Who Is the Most Popular Hibernian?

Two handsome Emblems of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will be awarded by the Kentucky Irish American to the members receiving the highest number of votes, these coupons only to be used for ballots.

Record the Candidate on the First Line, Division on the Second.

JOHN F. OERTEL,
BUTCHERTOWN BREWERY,
CREAM COMMON BEER
1400-1404 Story Avenue,
Telephone 891.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRANKFORT.

The Business, Political and Social News from the Capital City Correspondent.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20.—The next four weeks promises to be filled with several important social events in the Capital City. The "As You Like It Club," composed of the swell "400" of this city and vicinity, will give two swell balls. Two Germans also will be given at the Capital Hotel. The Y. M. I. will give three euchers and a mask ball, the A. O. H. a book reception. A smoker, a euchre and a mask ball and several other small entertainments will also be given, and taken all together, old Frankfort, from a social point of view, will be quite bustling and up to date.

Mr. and Mrs. James Heeney entertained at euchre last week. Quite a number of their friends were present and spent a most enjoyable evening. A delightful lunch was served at 10:30, after which prizes were distributed, and all repaired homeward, happy in the knowledge of a very pleasant evening spent.

Miss Mayne Roache, of Paris, is the delightful guest of Mrs. M. A. Collins, on Ann street.

Next week the initial steps will be taken to organize the "Merry Young Rascals' Club" in this city. Col. D. P. Davis, Capt. W. C. Newman and Lieut. W. A. Lutkemeier, late of the Golden Hour Club, are pushing the matter and expect to have a charter membership of twenty or more.

The move to organize a military company in the Ancient Order of Hibernians of this city is gaining favor every day, and St. Patrick's day will undoubtedly see an A. O. H. military company in Frankfort. Brother J. Corbett, who served eight years in the English army, will probably be Captain.

Frankfort is considered a Goebel stronghold, and the friends of the Kenton county statesman can not see how he can be defeated either for the nomination or at the November election. Gen. P. W. Hardin also has a pretty strong following in Franklin county, while Col. W. J. Stone is not so popular and can not hope to even secure a portion of Franklin's delegation. Conservative politicians with whom I have conversed seem to think that the race for Governor is now practically made up—Goebel, Hardin and Stone. Maj. Johnson is now considered out of the race, while Judge Pryor has never consented to run. After a careful view of the field, I can not see why Goebel should not be considered a prime favorite in the vernacular of the race course. He has behind him the shrewdest politicians in Kentucky, friends who have been tried and not found wanting. From the most conservative view at this writing, perhaps, five months before the election, I would say that Goebel would enter the convention with enough instructed votes to secure his nomination. Many changes may take place in five months, but at present Goebel has decidedly the best of it.

PREPARING FOR CONVENTION.

A meeting of representatives of the local branches of the Catholic Knights of America has been called for Monday evening, to be held in the school hall on Eighth street, between Walnut and Grayson. The business to be transacted pertains to the State convention to be held in this city, and all officers and committeemen are urged to be present.

CATHOLIC KNIGHTS.

Branch 25 at its meeting Monday night had an unusually large attendance. The Auditing Committee's report was read, showing the branch to be in a flourishing condition. Quite a number of members who had been suspended were reinstated. The hope was expressed that the same interest in the order will be maintained throughout the year, as it is quite encouraging to the new officers.

A GOVERNMENT MONOPOLY.

The trusts have thrown many men out of work and will continue to do so. In a public speech made in 1896 a Missouri Congressman stated that 500,000 persons were now doing the work formerly done by 16,000,000. That a government monopoly acts in the same way is shown by the report on the French match industry by the American Vice Consul at Marseilles. He says that in 1872, when the French Government took the making of matches under its control, the industry gave employment to 10,000 persons in Marseilles. Now it employs only 500.

IRISH SOCIETY DIRECTORY

A. O. H.

DIVISION 1

Meets on the Second and Fourth Tuesday Evenings of Each Month.
President—Edward Clancy.
Vice President—Thomas Dolan.
Recording Secretary—L. D. Perranda.
Financial Secretary—Peter Cusick, 132 Twentieth street.
Treasurer—John Mulloy.

DIVISION 3

Meets on the First and Third Wednesday Evenings of Each Month.
President—Joseph P. Taylor.
Vice President—Phil Cavanaugh.
Recording Secretary—John Cavanaugh.
Financial Secretary—N. J. Sheridan, 2018 Lytle street.
Treasurer—D. J. Coleman.

DIVISION 4

Meets on the Second and Fourth Wednesday Evenings of Each Month.
President—John H. Hennessy.
Vice President—Thomas Lynch.
Recording Secretary—Thomas J. Kelly.
Financial Secretary—George Flahiff, 420 East Gray street.
Treasurer—Harry Brady.

DIVISION 6

Meets on the First and Third Tuesday Evenings of Each Month.
President—William J. McCarthy.
Vice President—John J. Lannan.
Recording Secretary—J. E. Verner.
Financial Secretary—D. J. Tierney, 1328 Grayson street.
Treasurer—George A. Daniel.

IMPORTANT TO HIBERNIANS.

The members of Division 1, A. O. H., are requested to be present at the next meeting, on the evening of January 24. The Entertainment Committee will entertain those present with a social, and will serve refreshments of all kinds.
EDWARD CLANCY, President.
L. D. PERRANDA, Secretary.

RECENT DEATHS.

Mrs. Bridget Daly, wife of Peter Daly, of 1322 Hull street, died very suddenly Tuesday. Her funeral occurred Thursday morning.

Mr. Michael Murphy, of 321 Jackson street, an old and highly-respected citizen, died Wednesday morning from an attack of pneumonia. He is survived by three children—John, Tim and Ellen. His funeral occurred yesterday morning from St. Michael's church.

Mrs. Catherine Lyons, formerly of this city, but for some time past a resident of Nashville, died at the residence of her son-in-law in that city last Wednesday. Her remains were brought to the residence of Mr. Eugene Brattling, 1981 Portland avenue, and her funeral took place Friday morning.

HIBERNIAN HISTORY.

Our readers will be interested to learn that a history of the Ancient Order of Hibernians has just been written and published by Thomas Francis McGrath, of 206 Gordon avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. McGrath gives an interesting sketch of the famous society since it was founded, some hundreds of years ago, to protect the priests and schoolmasters in Ireland from the vengeance of the English; tells of its introduction into the United States in 1836, and of its history here up to and including the joint national convention of the two wings of the order in Trenton last June; treats at length of the trouble which began in 1883 and ended in disruption and the proceedings which resulted last year in the uniting of the divisions, and gives in full the decision of Bishop McPaul, the arbitrator between the contenders, and also the constitution of the order. The book contains brief sketches of Bishop McPaul and P. M. McGarry, an ex-national delegate of the Board of Erin.

THE WEST INDIES.

The West Indian waters have been the scene of many a fierce international conflict, and gallant warships of the old style here met in mighty conflicts; broadsides were fired at close range, and on the decks the dead were piled in bloody pyramids, till in one day in 1782 14,000 had been slaughtered and the crews were too few to throw the dead into the sea. The West Indies have cost many a European nation dearly for title deeds. They have cost Spain her island empire and nearly ruined the peninsula. They have now cost the American States, which Britain lost when she fought for her West Indian islands, a vast amount of money in a contest for humanity, not a conquest for greed; and the end is not yet in sight.

LEADERS.

Famous Irishmen Who Reflect
Honor on Erin and the
Celtic Race.

Long List Who Have Achieved
Distinction in Peace and
in War.

Sir Robert Hart, of Pekin, Is
Claimed to Be the Most
Powerful.

INTERESTING HISTORICAL SKETCHES

Of the dispersed races, the Irish and the Jews have alike made homes and careers in alien lands. The marked divergence in those careers has been emphasized by the war between the United States and Spain. An incidental effect of that war was the abandonment of the project that one hundred thousand representative Irish-Americans revisit their native land in honor of the anniversary of '98. This would have vacated temporarily most of the executive offices in many American cities. But that would have been only an incident. The war, to the student of history, discloses the remarkable fact that never before in the history of the world have so many and so important posts of honor and influence been filled by men of Irish birth and descent, not only in Spain, but in Austria, her natural ally, in Russia, in France, in Great Britain and the United States, says John Paul Bocock in the Cosmopolitan.

During the period when an Anglo-American alliance has been discussed by the statesmen of Europe as at least a possibility, and has been cordially considered by leaders of opinion among English-speaking people, it was actually true that, were Queen Victoria's Irish-born generals, admirals, colonial governors and diplomats disposed all at once to rebel, they could, for the time being, come very near converting the British into an Irish empire.

Furthermore, it was true that a lineal descendant of one of "the martyrs of '98" was President of the United States, and that the municipal government of most large American cities was controlled in the main by Irish-born Americans or their sons.

One hundred years of what many Irishmen deem England's oppressive rule have just elapsed. To many Irish-Americans, to most of them, indeed, the suggestion of an alliance between the United States and Great Britain is abhorrent. Yet never since the days of the Duke of Wellington has the British military establishment been so conspicuously Milesian in its commanders as now.

Gen. Lord Wolseley and Gen. Lord Roberts, the Great British generals of today, were born in the county of Dublin and the county of Waterford, respectively. Sir Garnet Joseph Wolseley, who was made a viscount in 1883, about the time he had that terrible fall from a camel's back going up the Nile toward Khartoum, was born June 4, 1833, in Goldenbridge House, county of Dublin.

"Bohs," as Kipling's Tommy Atkins calls Baron Roberts, of Candahar, in Afghanistan and the county of Waterford in Ireland, is now commander-in-chief of the forces in Ireland, and is one year older than his commander, Lord Wolseley. While yet Sir Frederick Sleight Roberts he had already become the idol of the soldiers in India. But the list that didn't even start with Wellington, who was born in Dublin, April 17, 1769, but which already includes his most eminent successors, is only begun. Readers of the war news from the Indian frontier all through the late rebellion of the Afghans and the Mohmands have become familiar with the name of Col. Sir Bindon Blood, K. C. B., who seems to have had general charge of the British forces. This gallant officer is a son of William Bindon Blood, Esq., of the County Clare. His laurels were won long ago, for he was chief staff officer on the Chitral relief force. He is now the head of the royal engineering military works department in India.

No wonder there are Mulvaney's plenty under the leadership of a Roberts and a Blood. The army roster will fill out the record almost at will. Gen. Sir John Dorian, K. C. B., famous throughout two decades of Hindoostane wars, comes from Ely House, in the County of Wexford. The gallant Sir Hugh Henry Gough, whose Indian career is a long series of wounds and decorations, is a son of George Gough, of Rathronon House, in Tipperary. Sir Henry's services in the time of the Mutiny, his gallant conduct at the relief of Lucknow, and on many another bloody field, blaze a red trail of glory into the British war office. Scarcely less distinguished at Cawnpore and Lucknow was Gen. Sir Richard Dennis Kelly, K. C. B., who comes from Weston, in the County of Meath. To sum up for India and Ireland, the official commander-in-chief of the forces in India, since 1893, has been Lieut. Gen. Sir George Stuart White, K. C. B., known all over the peninsula for long and gallant services. He appears on the record as "son of James Robert White, Esq., of Whitehall County of Antrim." Sir Robert Kitchener, Lord Kitchener, of Khartoum, the most popular soldier in Great Britain today, the man who has avenged "Chinese" Gordon's atrocious death and redeemed Hicks Pasha's bloody defeat, is a native of Ireland.

With these Irishmen in command of the British forces in India, in England, in Ireland and in Egypt, the satirical call for an "American army to free Ireland," made several years ago in an

English weekly, seems ludicrous, even though it was intended to accentuate the fact that the roll-call in American police stations would send a thrill of joy through the bones of the Irish kings. There was, indeed, an "army" ready to hand, for at the time the statement was made the chiefs of police and a large share of the force in most of the principal American cities were Irish-born or of Irish descent.

Should such a rebellion as we are supposing spread through the British army, what of the navy? What name rises first to every tongue when the Union Jack is unfurled, even to the mind's eye? Whose indeed but that of Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford? And the Beresfords, too, are Irish. From the same County of Waterford, which gave Roberts to the army, "the fighting Beresford" came to the navy. Lord William Leslie de la Poer Beresford, V. C., proudly enrolled as the son of Rev. John, fourth marquis of Waterford, is an even more familiar name to the eyes of Americans, for he married, in 1895, Lily Warren, daughter of Commodore Cicero Price, of the United States navy, "and widow of George Charles, eighth duke of Marlborough." From Admiral Beresford's familiar and commanding name, the list of naval heroes may be scanned with results entirely germane to the proposition.

The army and navy once infected with the spirit of revolt, once proclaiming another holy war of the green banner, what would become of the British colonies. In the colony of Victoria the influence of the late prime minister, Sir Charles Cavan Duffy, is yet paramount. In America he is best known as the author of "Young Ireland," and the originator of the "Nation." Sir Cornelius Alfred Moloney, after years of valued service on the Gold Coast, is governor and commander-in-chief of British Honduras. Lieut. Col. Sir John Terence Nicholas O'Brien was rewarded for brilliant actions in the Munster and the Oudh campaigns in India by being made governor of Newfoundland (1895). Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick, son of Thomas Fitzpatrick, Esq., of Dublin, is lieutenant governor of the Punjab. Lieut. Gen. Sir Thomas Lionel Galloway, governor and commander-in-chief of Bermuda (1882-8), was the son of Major John Galloway, of the royal Irish constabulary. The Right Hon. William G. E. Macartney, M. P., who has recently been inspecting the Bermuda and Canadian naval establishments, is parliamentary and financial secretary of the British admiralty. Sir Jacob Dirk Barry, of that well-known Irish family, is judge president of the Court of Eastern districts and member of the Court of Appeals of the Cape of Good Hope. Sir George Maurice O'Rourke, a son of Rev. John O'Rourke, of the County Galway, has been ennobled in New Zealand since 1854, and was a member of the ministry in 1872. He would have great influence in Maori land. The Earl of Belmore, who has been Governor and commander-in-chief of New South Wales, is Baron Belmore, of Castle Coole, in the County of Fermanagh.

Of course, instant recourse would in such an extraordinary event be had to diplomacy. Sir Nicholas is a son of Patrick O'Connor, K. C. B., who is a son of Patrick O'Connor, of Dundonnell, Roscommon, would be asked to make proper representation to the Court of St. Petersburg, where he is accredited ambassador from Great Britain. Sir Nicholas was once minister to China, and was not so many years ago Secretary of Legation at Washington (1885-7), but he would find some powerful pro-Irish influences at work in the winter palace itself.

Irishmen holding office in Russia? Beyond doubt. Mother Church, whose influence has induced so many of them to flee from the old darts since Cromwell's persecution began in 1629, made the Greek Catholic establishment in Russia seem preferable to the Reformation at home. The O'Bryans in St. Petersburg became the Obutcheffs; the O'Donnells, the Odontcheffs, and the Scallues, the Skallons. There is no more distinguished soldier in Russia today than Obutcheff, general of infantry, aide-de-camp, general, member of the military household of the Czar and of the council of the empire. It is true he has become a Russian of the Russians, and has married a beautiful French woman, with whom it is his delight to pay yearly visits to Paris. But there he finds many of his former countrymen to congratulate him on having become a noted authority on military statistics, a savant as well. Nor is there anywhere in the world an Irish soldier who is not proud of Obutcheff's triumph over the Turks at Aladsje and Kars, after their defeat of the Russians at Zivine. "Go and vindicate the army," said the Czar, and Obutcheff went.

Gen. Skalon is maitre de la cour at Petersburg, with the rank of privy councillor. The gallant Odontcheff is of the same O'Donnells whose names are part and parcel of the history of Spain for 200 years.

Nor need this curious Russification of the names of Milesian heroes excite wonder in the minds of those who have read Vasili Makroff's story of "A Morning With the Czar," and recognize in the writer Capt. William F. Mason McCarthy, late of Gen. Robert E. Lee's confidential staff, and later still confidential aide to the Czar Alexander II. Many another Irishman, engineering, mining, surveying, would be found weaning the Czar's uniform and ready to fight his battles. What are they to do when the supreme conflict comes in the East between the Russian bear and the British lion? They have evidently made their choice.

Even so accomplished a diplomat as Sir Nicholas O'Connor might appeal for advice and assistance to "the greatest diplomatist of his time," as Gen. Patrick A. Collins, the American Consul-general to London (1892-8), declared the Marquis of Dufferin to be. And where would the Marquis be found if not at his own home in the County Down, seven miles from Belfast?

Let us suppose the scene of diplomatic representations transferred from St. Pe-

tersburg to Vienna. Who is a privy councillor to the Emperor of Austria and most eminent among Austro-Hungarian statesmen? None other than the eleventh Viscount Taaffe and Ballymore of Sligo, Edward Francis Joseph, Chamberlain to his Imperial Majesty, Knight of the Golden Fleece, Knight of Malta, Knight of St. John, Grand Cross of the Order of SS. Maurice and Lazarus of Italy. The "Peerage of Ireland" regularly enrolls the Taaffes, a family so well bestowed on the "ould sod" that plain John Taaffe, of Swamore Castle, Ardee, in the County of Louth, has 5,147 acres of his own. Baron Hoenning C'Carroll is today Secretary of the Austrian Legation in Sofia. The "Flight of the Wild Geese" spread Catholic Irishmen all over Europe after the defeat of King James. But in Spain and Austria they have especially thrived.

There is a wealth of suggestion in the line of the Austrian army register alluding to the prominence of Baron Johann O'Brien "for the affair of the Black Lake, May 13." Victor O'Egan is an officer of the 48th; Hayes O'Connell, of the 50th, and Johann O'Fanagan, of the 22d infantry. Baron Thomas Brady is an Austrian Major-general; Freiherr McNevin O'Kelly is a captain of militia; Graf O'Kelly von Gallagher was a Major-general, and Baron John Macguire won honors a hundred years ago.

The Celt-Iberians, as the earliest of the present race in the peninsula are called, were undoubtedly akin to the Celt-Iberians. For centuries there were cordial relations between Spain and Ireland, both Catholic countries to the core. The Spaniards settled the coast of Galway, where the colleens are to this day endowed with eyes and tresses Andalusian in their jetty beauty; and when a cry of distress went out from beleaguered Kinsale toward the close of the seventeenth century a Spanish fleet came promptly to the rescue. The defeat of the allies on that occasion drove Red Hugh O'Donnell among others to emigrate, and the names of O'Donnell and O'Day became famous in the military annals of the peninsula. Marshal Leopold O'Donnell helped expel Joseph Bonaparte. Gen. O'Donnell led against the revolt of '48, and afterward became Queen Isabella's Prime Minister and favorite in unofficial relations. The Leopold O'Donnell, who subdued the Riffs, in 1801, was made Duke of Tetuan; and the Duke of Tetuan who, as Prime Minister received our own Minister Woodward at San Sebastian, is his son.

The O'Sullivan and O'Driscolls and Hugh O'Neill, who went to Valladolid and Lisbon soon after the arrival of the O'Donnells in Spain, are still in evidence among the most faithful devotees of those cities. The O'Reilly, for whom O'Reilly street in Havana was named, and the O'Illegins and Lynchs for whom Chili named warships, came to America by way of Spain. And, speaking of distant quarters of the globe, there is Sir Robert Hart, an Irishman, at the head of the Imperial custom service in China.

Perhaps the most really powerful Irishman, if we consider him as controlling the destinies of millions of human beings, is Sir Robert Hart, of Pekin. Sir Robert, by his exceptional ability and justly molded mind, has for more than a quarter of a century had the absolute confidence of the Chinese Government. So far as any man might, he has wisely guided its policy, and has done much to inculcate the highest standard of morality in governmental affairs.

In Rome there have been for ages Irish "Princes of the Church." Ferdinand Count O'Gorman, Knight of the Order of Christ and Commander of the Order of Gregory the Great, has been since 1878 Private Chamberlain to Pope Leo XIII. He had fulfilled the same relation to Pope Pius IX., and he is not only a Roman Count, but also "Guardian of the Tombs of the Imperial House of Austria in the Ducal Chapel in Nancy," as well as "Guardian of the Chateaux of Pixerécourt, Choley and Longuyon in Lorraine."

Count Russell, of Rome, is Henry Patrick Marie Russell, male heir to the Russells, Barons of Killowen, in the County Down. Edmund James de Poer de la Poer, of Gorteen le Poer, in the County Waterford, was formerly Private Chamberlain to the Pope, and is now a Count of the Papal States and a Knight of St. John of Jerusalem. Another Count of the Holy Roman Empire is Count Arthur John Moore, of Moorsport, in the County of Tipperary, and yet another is Count Cecil-Kearney, of Ballinville, County Mayo.

The above brief sketch can do little more than give an idea of the position Irishmen hold at the very helm of many ships of state. And, truly, no one can deny that such a list is remarkable. There are many other important spheres of life in which the Irishmen are leaders, and these must not be neglected.

In the London, and especially in the provincial English press, the Irishman is well to the fore. The venerable Justin McCarthy, who has recently finished the last volume of his "History of Our Own Times," has for years written the imperial editorials in the London Daily News, the great Liberal organ. As a journalistic historian he reminds one of the work of Thiers. T. P. O'Connor in the Sun, O'Connor Power in the Speaker, the leading Liberal weekly, Frank Hugh O'Donnell, and many another free lance, wield trenchant pens.

What of science and the liberal professions? Lord Kelvin—Sir William Thomson—who won his title by practical achievements in electrical science, was born an Irishman.

Sir William MacCormac, who is described by Burke as "Surgeon-in-Chief of Anglo-American Ambulance," and who has been decorated by nearly every Government in Europe for his services to humanity, is a native of Belfast. He now holds the post of Examiner in Surgery at the University of London. Any Londoner can extend the list. The Lord Chief Justice of England, Baron Russell, of Killowen, in the County of Down, was

born in Seafield house, Killowen, November 10, 1832.

The chairman of the Midland and Great Western railways, Sir Ralph Smith Cusack, is "Clerk of the Crown and Hansard" in Ireland.

In Canada, where four-fifths of the population may be deemed Celts, there have been such eminent Irishmen as Blake, now in Parliament at Westminster, Costigan and Thomas Darcy McGee. No man better than Blake can call the head-roll of Canadian Celts. None more than he would delight to recall that if Hume and Carlyle were Scotch Celts, that other famous historian, Macaulay, sprang from the Magawleys, a family of great antiquity in Ireland, and descended from no less a personage than the mysterious "Niell of the Nine Hosiages."

The growth of the Irish Celt side by side with the French Celt in Canada is only to be expected from the history of the two countries, which for centuries fraterized with sword and scapular. The achievements of the Irish in France and under the fleur-de-lis wherever French troops set foot, are as old as Froissart, and are famous alike in history and in romance. A solitary example may suffice in the Macnahons, who lived with distinction many centuries in Ireland, and, having "risked all for the last of the Stuart kings," transferred their allegiance to the lilies of France, and became Generals, Marshals and Presidents in that congenial soil. Nor is any lover of roses, in any clime, likely to forget that other gallant Franco-Irish name of Niel, French of the French since, after the treaty of Limerick in 1691, 13,000 Irish soldiers, with drums beating and colors flying, chose to serve a Catholic rather than a Protestant King. All fighting Frenchmen know of the laurels won under the banner of France by the McDonalds, O'Tooles, Williams, Careys and Dilons.

Now, when the tide of immigration to North America is already ebbing, the undeveloped republics far to the south of us are attracting some of Erin's most stalwart sons. This ebb of the tide was, in the nature of things, bound to come. The official statistics of the Treasury Department show that 3,675,384 Irish people arrived in United States ports between October 1, 1820, and June 30, 1894. Whereas there were 73,513 arrivals from Ireland in the year 1888; the corresponding number in 1894 was only 33,904.

These immigrants and their sons began so speedily to take possession of the minor political, especially the municipal, offices of their new homes—they settled mainly in the towns—that an accurate resume made within five years past showed them then to be in control of the municipal machinery of the cities of New York, Boston, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Hoboken, Chicago, Buffalo, Troy, Albany, Pittsburgh, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, New Orleans and San Francisco. The history of the Irish in the United States is indeed an important volume in the general history of the Celt abroad.

Gen. Patrick A. Collins, himself an American-Irishman, thus enumerated those American-Irish whose names most readily recur to the student of American history: McKinley, the President, and Bryan, his competitor; John C. Calhoun; James Buchanan and Chester A. Arthur, the ancestors of all six belonging in the same county in Ireland. In the army and navy the roll includes Montgomery, Wayne, Stark, Knox, Lewis, Conway, Sullivan, Meade, Sheridan, Kearney, Shields Barry, "the father of the American navy; McDonough and Mahan. Other great names are: Patrick Henry, the immortal champion of revolution in Virginia; Ulysses S. Grant, General and President; the fighting McCooks, McClellands, McClellands, McDonoughs and McDowells, in the Union army, and Stonewall Jackson in the Confederate ranks; John Barry, the first ranking officer in the navy, and Capt. John D. O'Brien.

Under adverse circumstances in most cases, they have indeed become leaders of men, and preserved a strong personal loyalty to the traditions of "the ould dart."

TRINITY COUNCIL

Making Preparation For Its
Fourth of July Celebration.

Trinity Council, Y. M. I., held a large and interesting meeting Monday evening, at which one application for membership was presented and referred to the investigating committee. An important communication was also received from the Supreme Secretary.

The new ritual of the Y. M. I. has been published, and will soon be in use in all of the councils. George Barrett, who has been with the Legion in Porto Rico, was installed as Recording Secretary by Director Sullivan. Letters were received from the father of John Hogan and the mother of William Hulsekamp, lately deceased, thanking Trinity Council for the prompt payment of their death benefits.

George Nabor, of Council 207, was a visitor, and delivered a short address that was full of interest.

It was decided to give a series of subscription eueches, the first of which will take place Wednesday evening next. Dr. Lammers and wife will be the chaperones, while Messrs. Hurd, Rittman, Nuxol, Ahle and O'Connell will act as a reception committee.

The Fourth of July picnic committee reported that contracts had been closed for Fern Grove and the steamers Columbia, Sunshine and Hite for that day, and that the services of two bands of music had been arranged for. The amusements will consist of music, dancing, athletic games, patriotic addresses and numerous other attractions. The committee having the picnic in charge consists of Messrs. Ahle, Hurd, Kelly, Krause and Garvey, and they will see that nothing is left undone that will contribute to its success.

MONKS OF THE SCREW.

Dublin was indeed a festive capital during the last decade of the eighteenth century. The great names, the noted wits, the brilliant orators and Parliamentarians, and last, though perhaps not least, the fierce fire-eaters that mixed in her social life, caused "dear, dirty Dublin," as she has since been called, to be regarded as the gayest city in Europe. Among the many institutions founded to supply the "bloods" of the time, young and old, with fun and frolic, the Order of Saint Patrick, or as it was more popularly known, "The Monks of the Screw," easily took the lead. It contained the choicest spirits not alone in Dublin, but in all Ireland, in its membership. It was in no sense the monastic body which its title, "The Monks of the Screw," would at the first blush imply. It was founded in the year 1779 by the famous Barry Veltverton, M. P., afterward Lord Viscount Avonmore, Lord Chief Baron, and its "Prior" was John Philpot Curran, M. P., the renowned lawyer and orator. An idea of the nature of the order may be learned from the following verses, which I quote from its charter-song, which was written by Curran:

When Saint Patrick our order created,
And called us the Monks of the Screw,
Good rules he revealed to our abbot
To guide us in what we should do.

But first he replenished his fountain
With liquor the best in the sky,
And he swore by the sword of his saint-ship
The fountain should never run dry.

My children be chaste—till you're tempted,
While sober be wise and discreet,
And humble your bodies with fasting
Whenever you have nothing to eat.

Then be not a glass in the convent
Except on a festival found,
And this rule to enforce I ordain
A festival all the year round.

The "monks," it must be said, lived up to the precepts of their abbot.

The convent, as their meeting place was called, was in St. Kevin street, Dublin, and thither repaired every Saturday evening during the law term the creme de la creme of Dublin society. Besides the names mentioned the following, nearly all of whom were members of Parliament, were prominent members of the order:

William Doyle, Master in Chancery, who for a time was "Abbot;" the Earl of Arran, the Right Hon. Walter Hussey Burgh, afterwards Chief Baron; the Earl of Carlhampton, the Right Hon. Isaac Corry, afterwards Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Irish Parliament; Robert Day, afterwards a Judge; John Doyle, afterwards a General in the army; the Right Hon. Henry Grattan, the great Irish orator in the College Green Parliament; Francis Hardy, Lord Charlemont's biographer; Dudley Hussey, Recorder of Dublin; Lord Viscount Kingsborough, the well-known Rev. Arthur O'Leary, Right Hon. George Ponsonby, afterwards Chancellor of Ireland; Sir Michael Smith, afterwards Master of the Rolls; the Marquis of Townsend, elected, professed and joined on his visit to Dublin after his Vice Royalty; and Arthur Wolf, afterwards Lord Viscount Kilwarden, Chief Justice of the King's bench.

The furniture of the apartment in which the "Monks" met was, it is said, entirely monkish in style, and at the meetings all the members wore the habit of the order. In such an assembly, comprising as it did the master minds of the day, it is needless to say that conviviality reigned supreme. It was not, however, the conviviality of a mere vulgar drinking club. "It was," according to Thomas Davis, "an union of strong souls brought together like electric clouds by affinity and flashing as they joined. They met and shone and warmed. They had great passions and generous accomplishments. They were men of wit and pleasure, living in a luxurious state of society, and probably did wild and excessive things. This was reconcilable in such a state of society with every virtue of head and heart."

The "Monks" also often met at their Abbot's place in Rathfarnham, a country district outside Dublin. He named the residence from their meetings, "The Priory," and the old house is occupied still.

The society commenced to dwindle away about the year 1794. Political feeling and unrest rendered many members who had been erstwhile strong friends, and soon afterwards it completely disappeared. Many traditions of the sayings and doings of the "Monks" are, however, still extant in Dublin.

IRISH CLUB FOR LONDON.

After the meeting recently held in the Cockburn Hotel, London, an Irish club for London may be regarded as certain to be established within a few months, says a correspondent. It is a strange fact that with the exception of Jews the Irish are singular in having in London no recognized place of meeting in which Hibernians of all classes and parties can mingle together on the ground of their common nationality. The Irish Literary Society, to the best of its ability, tries to fill this gap, but its membership is necessarily restricted by its limited objects. Many Irishmen are also members of the National, Liberal and other clubs. These are by no means completely satisfactory to these members. The project of an exclusively Irish club was mooted some months ago, and in the meantime the provisional committee then appointed have been working hard to turn this idea into practical results. They have received a good deal of support from all classes of Ireland. Promises of a definite character have been obtained from 300 Irishmen, and 200 others have formally expressed their intention of becoming members of the club. In constitution the club will be a limited liability company, with a capital of £50,000 in £5 shares. A preliminary syndicate has already been formed, on the basis of a subscription of \$5,000, the greater portion of which has been already subscribed. The club premises are to adjoin Cockburn's Hotel, in which rooms are to be reserved for members and from which meals can be procured. The club is to be non-political and non-sectarian, and to be entitled to membership must be at least half Irish by descent. Irishmen all over the world can become members of the club, whose honorary secretaries are Messrs. Henry Lennane and Capt. Henry Fitzgerald.

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IRELAND.

Record of the Most Important of the Recent Events Culled From Exchanges.

The funeral of Mrs. Juliana Tynan, of Foxhill, took place on Thursday from her late residence, Foxhill, Athy.

Sydney Hughes, who while riding a bicycle collided with a mineral water van in South Great George's street, died at Mercer's Hotel.

The Hon. Charles Russell, son of Lord Russell, of Killowen, has declined to be the Nationalist candidate of the Parliamentary representation of Derry city.

The Limerick Chamber of Commerce have decided to oppose the proposed amalgamation of Waterford and Limerick and Great Southern and Western railways.

The Cork Electric Tramways Company commenced running their cars December 23 and an admirable service was conducted throughout the city during the day without a single hitch.

In the case of Hugh Boyle, a prisoner under sentence of death in Derry jail for the murder of his father, the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to commute the sentence to penal servitude for life.

Lord French, who since his marriage has been living at Johannesburg, where there is quite an Irish colony now, has come home for a trip. He has been staying with his family, who are at present residents in Dublin.

Among recent arrivals in Ireland are the Earl of Portlinton, the Marquis and Marchioness of Lansdowne and the Earl of Kerry, Lady Fitzgerald, Lady Susan Beresford, Col. and Mrs. Kayes and Major and Mrs. Macdonald.

The long-expected vacancy in the County Court Judgeship of the County Clare has at last been announced. County Court Judge Kelly has retired, after a particularly long occupancy of his post, and that post now remains to be filled.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at Cork at an inquest on a groom named Long, who was killed while hunting with the Muskerry hounds on Thursday. The man was thrown, his horse rolling over him, causing the fatal injuries.

At the meeting of the Dungarvan Board of Guardians, J. V. O'Brien presiding, T. Power proposed and John Greene seconded a resolution expressing approval of the action of the Limerick Board of Guardians in favor of unity. O'Shea supported the resolution, which was adopted unanimously.

So far there has been no change in the strike of dock laborers. The men are still out, and police are kept constantly on duty on the quays. T. Harrington, M. P., has been asked by the men to intervene, and has consented to do so. A conference with Mr. Middleton has, it is stated, been arranged, and it is hoped the matter will be amicably settled within a short time.

Thomas P. McCarthy, who is well known in Nationalist circles, has issued his address to the Electors of the Kilfinane district of the Limerick County Council. Mr. McCarthy has the support of all sections of Nationalists and his election is a foregone conclusion. He is Treasurer of the Kilfinane G. A. Club, whose team are the All-Ireland Champions in hurling.

The tenants on the estate of Lady Jane Moore, Coolmahon, County Cork, have just completed the agreements for the purchase of their holdings through the Land Commission by means of State loans. The purchase money in all cases is seventeen years on the present rents, which, except in a few small lots, are judicial. Richard Rice, Solicitor, Fermoy, carried out the necessary preliminaries.

The action of the Amnesty Association in obtaining pledges from candidates for the new corporation to support a resolution favoring amnesty to political prisoners appears both sensible and timely. There is no possible excuse for prolonging the imprisonment of the few political prisoners still incarcerated in English jails for their devotion to Ireland's cause, and a strongly worded protest from the first municipal body in Ireland elected under the new law can not fail to hasten the day of delivery.

On Tuesday night a largely attended meeting of the committee having charge of the making of arrangements for erecting a memorial to the men who shed their blood for Ireland in 1798 was held at Ryan's Hotel, Thurles. Charles Culhane occupied the chair. After a short discussion the Secretary of the committee, D. H. Ryan, was directed to write to several sculptors for designs and quotations, with a view to assist the committee to arrive at a decision as to what form the memorial would take.

At an adjourned meeting of the Carlow Town Commissioners a letter was read from James Kirkland, Secretary and Manager Grand Canal Company, in which, referring to the recent floods in the Barrow, he expressed regret to learn that they caused such serious results, but added that the late rainfall was of such a very exceptional nature he trusted they might never have a similar experience. He further remarked that the floods were the worst that have occurred during their recollection.

An inmate of the Maidstone Union named Frederick Reader has been sentenced to twenty-one days' hard labor for refractory conduct. He was summoned before the House Committee and told he must endeavor to obtain work. He left the room, but returned, and with considerable force threw a hot sud pudding at the Chairman of the board. The master seized Reader and they rolled together in portions of the pudding on the floor. Reader was eventually overpowered and taken to the police station. The master's frock coat was quite spoiled by the pudding, and the board have decided to give him a new garment.

John Daly addressed a large meeting of

the burgesses of the Market ward, Limerick, recently in favor of the labor candidates put forward by the Workers' Executive. During the course of a vigorous speech he said it is now time for the workmen to assert themselves. Let them not be deceived by the cry of unity, but let them be so united as to stand side by side in support of their own candidate, and if they were then beaten at the polls, then let them never raise their heads again. He proposed a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, pledging support to the following candidates in the labor interest: John McCormack, John Madden and P. R. Cleary.

On the evening of December 23 Michael Fogarty, a large farmer, residing at Brittas, when returning home from Thurles met with a severe accident when passing through Gaol street. The horse of a jarvey going in the same direction swerved, the car coming into contact with Mr. Fogarty and knocking him down. The car passed over his chest and when picked up he was unconscious. Medical aid was immediately summoned and it was discovered that his ribs had been broken, and that he had sustained severe internal injuries. He was promptly removed to his own residence, a short distance away. Much regret is felt at the sad occurrence, as Mr. Fogarty is very popular and highly respected in the locality.

Intense interest is being aroused at Birr in the work of preparing for the coming elections. The local Board of Guardians and Town Commissioners have always possessed a predominant Unionist party, made up by plural voting in the Poor Law Board and Lord Rosse's powerful influence and a restricted franchise in the town. It is now intended to change this, and to bring the constitution of these bodies into conformity with popular views. Under the direction of the Very Rev. Dr. Phelan a strong organized effort is being made to secure the return of Catholics and Nationalists for all of the twenty-one seats at the Urban District Council, and meetings are being held daily for that purpose. Indeed, everything is in readiness for the contest.

A Wexford correspondent says: It has been definitely announced here that a county convention comprised of all sections and parties of Nationalists will be held on Monday, January 30, in the Town Hall, Wexford. Needless to say, this announcement has caused a great deal of commotion and discussion throughout the town and county. The objects for which the convention is to be called are the consideration of the coming County and District Council elections, appointment of local committees and the adoption of other steps for summoning meetings of the electors in every district for the purpose of selecting candidates. Of course, it is not yet certain if the various parties see their way to appoint representatives to attend the meeting.

A public meeting of artisans, laborers and others was held in the Town Hall, Wexford, for the purpose of selecting candidates in the interests of the workmen in connection with the forthcoming municipal elections. There was a very large attendance. R. J. Cosgrave was in the chair. Edward O'Connor said that the workman's day had arrived. There was no use in his complaining about municipal mismanagement or unfair dealings in the future, as the whole matter now rested with themselves. He hoped they would make certain to elect proper men to represent their interests. They comprised a majority of the electors and they were entitled to a majority of the Councilors. They should return good men, who would build good houses for the artisan and laborer, let them at a low rent, advocate fair wages and support home trade and local industries.

It is surprising to hear that up to some days ago there was still living a witness of some of the most atrocious scenes enacted by the Yeos and the military in the dark days of '98. This was Mrs. Mary McDonald, who resided at a place called Brown's Hill, Carlow, and who has just passed away at the extreme age of 110 years. She was born in the parish of Arles, in the Queen's county, a few miles from the town of Carlow, and she witnessed the house burnings in that devoted town, when, it will be remembered, the soldiery not only prevented many of the inmates escaping, but forced several of the unfortunate insurgents into the burning dwellings. Among those who were implicated in the attack on Carlow was Sir Edward Crosbie, who was generally known as "the gentlemanly knight." The only evidence against him was that some of the insurgents, before advancing on the town, had gone through some exercises in drill on the lawn in front of his house. He was tried by court-martial and sentenced to be hanged. A reprieve was forwarded for him, but his enemies took care that it should arrive too late. One of the recollections of the late Mrs. McDonald was the sight of the body of Sir Edward Crosbie hanging from a tree on the spot where the Shamrock Hotel now stands.

The remains of the late Very Rev. Canon Brosnan were interred in the O'Connell Memorial church at Cahirciveen. During his lifetime he had erected a vault where he expressed a wish to be buried, so that his body should lie in the church to the erection of which he devoted so many years of his life. It is to be regretted that the church was not completed before his death. The walls of that building are not yet completed, and around about the good priest's grave-side are many tokens of his energies. It is to be hoped that his admirers will now work for the accomplishment of his greatest ambition. The people who took part in the ceremonies were representative of all creeds and classes. The funeral procession passed through the main streets of the town. There were about twenty priests, followed by the Children of Mary and the school girls of the Presentation Convent. A striking feature in connection with the sad event was the great sorrow shown by the poor women of the place, who while the funeral cortege was passing along the route indulged in their old accustomed kneeling, which is generally followed when any benefactor of their class passes away. When the remains were laid to rest every one knelt down and offered up heartfelt prayers for the repose of the zealous priest's soul.

HIBERNIANS.

What They Have Been Doing the Past Week—General News Notes.

Division 5 of Cambridgeport held its annual ball on January 20.

The Hibernian Knights held a joint drill and business meeting last night.

Division 12, of Boston, will have its annual ball in Union Park February 8.

The Hibernians Knights were glad to have Martin Sheehan with them again.

Young Men's Division No. 6 has also come to the front for the Kentucky Irish American.

Division 31, of Dorchester, will give its annual dance at Bloomfield Hall on February 8.

Division 58, of Boston, will have its first annual ball in Odd Fellows' Hall, January 26.

Division 3 is to be congratulated upon its report that none of its members are on the sick list.

The Hibernian Rifles of Bridgeport will celebrate St. Patrick's day by giving a soiree to their friends.

The Hibernian Knights have a good treasury, and they say the trip to Boston is already an assured fact.

The nineteenth annual ball of Division 9, of Boston, was held in Ronghan's Hall, Charlestown, Wednesday evening.

The Kentucky Irish American is glad to acknowledge the friendly spirit exhibited toward it by the members of Division 3.

Division 3 accepted the invitation of the Ladies' Auxiliary to attend the dance and eulchre, and is sure to be well represented.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather there was a small attendance at the last business meeting of the Hibernian Knights.

The County Board Finance Committee held an interesting session Tuesday night. The next session will take place on the evening of January 30.

Invitations to the soiree and dance of No. 6 can be had of any of the members of the division. These are complimentary and no person will be admitted without one.

Messrs. D. J. Tierney, George Daniel, Will McCarthy, Edward Holly and John Casey can always be depended upon to favor the pleasant dances given by Division 6.

Joseph Lynch takes great interest in company matters, and if his wishes are carried out the company will be enabled to shortly put up a drill that will be hard to equal.

The meeting of the Young Men's Division Tuesday evening was largely attended, there being more members present than has been witnessed for some time past.

Jerry Hallihan, as presiding officer of the Hibernian Knights, displays a parliamentary acumen that surprises his most ardent supporters. His rulings are never questioned.

John Barrett was a visitor at the meeting of Division 3, and made some interesting remarks relative to the formation of the Gaelic class and the study of the Irish language.

The Hall Board as at present constituted is an excellent one, and Division 3 displayed good judgment in the selection of Joseph P. Taylor, James Coleman and Patrick Holley as its representatives.

There was an unusually large attendance at the meeting of Division 3 last Wednesday evening. The yearly report showed more money in the treasury than ever before in the history of this division.

The Rev. William T. McLaughlin and Edward M. Waldron, State Chaplain and State President, of New Jersey, respectively, are now in Florida, where they will remain until about the middle of February.

The yearly report of the officers of the Young Men's Division shows it to be in a healthy financial condition, the balance in the treasury exceeding expectations. The receipts at the meeting Tuesday night were quite large.

Military Division 46 had its second annual ball in Lyceum Hall, East Boston, and it proved to be very enjoyable. The room was decorated with the national colors and insignia of the order. There was a large attendance.

Division 8, of Springfield, Mass., has appointed a committee consisting of P. F. Haggerty, P. F. Mitchell and Vincent P. Coghlan, to organize a class for the study of the Irish language and history under Mr. Haggerty's direction.

The members of the Young Men's Division have resolved to form a Recruiting Committee for the purpose of increasing the membership. They will invite their friends to join, and their efforts are expected to produce gratifying results.

Last Monday evening Division 2 of Bridgeport, Conn., gave a soiree that surpassed anything before attempted in that city. Invitations were extended to all the Hibernians of the city, and State President James Bree, of New Haven, was the guest of honor.

Private Cornelius Buckley, of Company D, Ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, who served through the Cuban campaign, was tendered a reception and presented with a purse of gold by his brother members of Military Division 37, of Boston. The Hon. E. J. Slatery, State President of the order, made the presentation speech.

At the annual meeting of Division 1, Ladies' Auxiliary, of Worcester, Miss M. E. A. Farrell, the President, reported a membership of eighty-nine, in addition to the six admitted that evening. All bills for the year have been settled, and \$100 has been paid to the Hibernian building fund, leaving a balance in the bank sufficient to keep the society on a sound financial basis. A committee was appointed to arrange for a calico party in February.

At a meeting of Division 8, of Clinton, Mass., on the 5th inst., a number of the

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volunteers of the late war who are members of the order were present. The hall was decorated with bunting and flags. President P. F. Cannon called the meeting to order, and recited reminiscences of his experiences as President of the Volunteer Relief Fund and his trip to Camp Wikoff. Capt. P. J. Cannon, of Company K, delivered an address on the part the local company took in the late war. At the conclusion of the addresses the audience cheered the sturdy Captain and his men. Then followed a reception, in which the members of the company shook hands with all present.

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